

ML Strategies Update

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# TRANSPORTATION POLICY IN THE 114<sup>TH</sup> CONGRESS

After their overwhelming success in the 2014 mid-term elections, Republicans are preparing to assume their new majority in the Senate, while their House colleagues have secured an expanded majority that exceeds their World War II-era peak. President Obama, who began his presidency with a Democratic majority in the Congress, will now round out his last two years in office with Republican majorities in both the House and Senate. Although on many issues this could make for a difficult two years for the Obama Administration, on transportation policy there is renewed hope for bipartisanship in the new congress.

In the meantime, during the Lame Duck session of the current congress, we anticipate final action on two minor aviation-related bills, creating an Aviation Security Advisory Committee at the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) and setting requirements related to TSA procurement. A third aviation bill that might be acted upon in the Lame Duck revises aviation security service fee requirements.

Transportation Secretary Anthony Foxx has stated that the department will release a 30-year blueprint on the future of transportation by the end of the year. Foxx said the goal of his plan is to steer the country away from a 1950's transportation model which revolved around the Highway Trust Fund to build and maintain highways to a 21<sup>st</sup> Century one which leverages rail and public transportation. He has been quiet on the details, but says the plan will tailor recommendations to the nation's changing landscape, which is urbanizing.

# **TRANSPORTATION POLICY ISSUES**

#### Highway Trust Fund

Congress last dealt with the Highway Trust Fund (HTF) in June when it passed a stopgap measure that expires in May 2015, making the HTF a priority for the new congress. The question is whether Congress will pass another short-term extension or a long-term fix. Outgoing Senate Environment and Public Works (EPW) chairwoman Barbara Boxer (D-CA), along with outgoing Transportation and Infrastructure Subcommittee chairman Tom Carper (D-DE), have been working to ensure it will be the latter. They have collaborated with industry, which wants to replenish the fund through a mileage tax, toll increases, or increase to the gas tax. Based on their talks with House Speaker John Boehner (R-OH) and House Budget Committee chairman Paul Ryan (R-WI), they foresee a long-term bill passing the House.

Four Senate committees have jurisdiction over the HTF: the EPW, Banking, Commerce, and Finance Committees. Of the four, EPW has the biggest interest in addressing reauthorization. The incoming EPW chairman, Senator Jim Inhofe (R-OK), and incoming ranking member, Senator Boxer, both have

supported robust transportation projects in the past. Their strong successful collaboration on MAP-21 reauthorization, which passed the committee unanimously, appears to bode well for the trust fund's reauthorization in the 114<sup>th</sup> Congress. The Commerce and Banking Committees will likely follow EPW's lead. Incoming Commerce Committee chairman John Thune (R-SD), who recently met with Secretary Foxx in South Dakota, has said he is open to all pay-fors, including an increase in the gas tax.

The big hurdle for reauthorization is financing. In the Senate, responsibility for funding of the HTF lies with the Finance Committee. Senator Orrin Hatch (R-UT), the incoming chairman, is on record saying he wants to repair the HTF. He supports its user-pay system, but he has ruled out a gas tax increase. Others have proposed closing corporate "loopholes" and/or other tax reform measures that would be revenue raisers or the HTF.

In the House of Representatives, the HTF is not a top priority. The two committees that have jurisdiction over the trust fund, Transportation & Infrastructure and Ways & Means, have indicated a desire to first act on reauthorization of the Federal Aviation Administration (see below) and tax reform, respectively. Transportation and Infrastructure Committee chairman Bill Shuster (R-PA) and incoming Ways and Means Committee chairman Ryan have expressed little interest in replenishing the fund. However, incoming Transportation and Infrastructure ranking member Peter DeFazio (D-OR) has. Expect him to try to steer the committee's attention to reauthorization.

### Federal Aviation Administration Reauthorization

Chairman Shuster has told the aviation industry that he wants a "transformational" reauthorization bill. Expect him to seek fee reductions and regulatory relief to please industry, which wants to overhaul labor regulations and nix the Environmental Protection Agency's proposed tax on carbon emissions. The big unknown is infrastructure investment. Industry says it needs more money, but it may incur more cuts due to Congress' concern about the NextGen Air Transportation System. The system, which would make America's air traffic control system satellite-based, has the potential to curb air traffic. However, because its implementation has been slow, Congress likely won't invest the money needed for the system to have an impact anytime soon.

The deadline for FAA Reauthorization is September 2015, but Chairman Shuster has indicated that he would like a bill passed before then. To gauge the bill's prospects, watch Representatives Frank LoBiondo (R-NJ) and Sam Graves (R-MO). LoBiondo is Shuster's liaison to labor; if LoBiondo gets labor on board, the reauthorization bill will likely have enough Democratic support to pass. Graves is a friend of industry. If he's on board, so is industry, which together can whip up Republican votes.

#### **Amtrak Reauthorization**

The Amtrak Reauthorization bill has stalled in the current congress, despite passing the House unanimously by a voice vote in September. The bill originated in the Transportation and Infrastructure Committee, where Democrats and Republicans struck a compromise in which Amtrak would lose forty percent of its funding but incur no cuts to existing routes. It also satisfied both urban and rural members. Urban members secured funding to make the Northeast Corridor high-speed, connecting DC and Boston via New York, while rural members staved off cuts to long-distance lines that stop in small towns unserved by major airlines. The bill has not spurred the Senate to act. Commerce Committee Chairman Rockefeller and Ranking Member Thune conceded that the bill won't pass in the Lame Duck. If the bill is to pass in the 114<sup>th</sup> Congress, it will likely need some sweeteners for northeast Senators, such as Chris Coons (D-DE) and Richard Blumenthal (D-CT), who strongly support Amtrak.

# Surface Transportation Board Reauthorization

The outgoing chairman of Senate Commerce Committee, Senator Rockefeller, and the incoming chairman, Senator Thune, introduced the Surface Transportation Board (STB) Reauthorization Act of 2014 in September. The bill seeks to reduce freight rail delays and backlogs, which have threatened business in rural states, like West Virginia and South Dakota, increases STB's investigative authority to enable the board to conduct investigations before it receives a complaint, and improves alternative dispute resolution practices and fast-tracks important proceedings. Given the bill's importance to South Dakota, expect Thune to push for its passage in the 114<sup>th</sup>, if it doesn't pass in the Lame Duck.

# Federal Railroad Administration

Senators Schumer, Blumenthal, and Chris Murphy (D-CT) have accused the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) of negligence, with Senator Blumenthal calling it a "lawless" and "rogue" agency.

They contend that it should have done more to secure the Metro-North Line, which travels through New York and Connecticut and which had five accidents between May 2013 and March 2014. The senators plan to introduce legislation to force the FRA to toughen its oversight of the nation's rail lines.

#### National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHSTA)

Earlier this year, a six-year NHTSA reauthorization bill was introduced by Senator Claire McCaskill (D-MO), but that legislation has not moved forward. Senate Commerce Committee ranking member John Thune (R-SD) has hinted that he intends to pursue NHSTA reauthorization legislation in the next congress when he assumes the chairmanship. Senator Bill Nelson (D-FL) will serve as ranking member of the committee next year. Senators Thune and Nelson have worked together on legislation related to auto recall and safety issues, perhaps setting the stage for cooperation on a NHTSA reauthorization bill next year. House Energy and Commerce Committee Chairman Fred Upton (R-MI) has not yet indicated whether he will take up reauthorization, but he does plan to introduce auto safety legislation next year.

#### Drones

Drones, now a staple of many industries such as agriculture, entertainment, and rail, have captured the attention of the DOT. The department's general counsel Kathryn Thomson announced that there will be a rule on drones, but she provided no details on its content or time of release. Expect a rule for the operation of unmanned aircraft systems (UAS) that will address the classification and registration of small UAS, the certification and training of pilots and visual observers, and operational limitations. Although the DOT has started the rule-making process, it may not finalize a rule on drones until 2017.

#### Vehicle-to-Vehicle Communication

NHTSA has proposed a rule requiring vehicle-to-vehicle (V2V) communication in cars and light trucks by 2019. That communication will have to meet minimum performance requirements, as judged by the quality of V2V devices and messages. Although the rule was just recently announced, progress is already underway. Eight automakers – Ford, General Motors, Honda, Hyundai, Daimler, Nissan, Toyota, and Volkswagen – have started collaborating with the government to develop V2V technology. Though expensive (costing around \$341 to \$350 per vehicle), the government and industry believe V2V technology will save lives.

#### **Rail Congestion and Safety**

With grain and coal supplies stranded all over the Midwest, Senators Tammy Baldwin (D-WI), Al Franken (D-MN), and David Vitter (R-LA) urged the Surface Transportation Board last month to initiate a rulemaking process called "competitive switching." Competitive switching allows the STB to order a railroad to switch their customer's freight to a competitor when the lines get crowded. The STB held a hearing on this issue in March, but there has not been any action since. On a related note, Senators Thune and Amy Klobuchar (D-MN) requested a Department of Agriculture economic study on rail backlog in the Upper Midwest. They claim that farmers have lost \$100 million between March and May over the past year due to backlog in the rail system. Senators Maria Cantwell (D-WA) and Heidi Heitkamp (D-ND) requested that the Senate Appropriations Committee invest in a Safe Transportation of Energy Products Fund, citing the accidents that occurred since the Bakken oil boom. Expect the issue of crude-by-rail safety to play into the Keystone XL pipeline politics.

# **CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES**

In the Senate, the Committee on Environment and Public Works has jurisdiction over the major part of the transportation policy, including highways and other traditional transportation issues like bridges and tunnels. Mass transit falls under the jurisdiction of the Senate Banking Committee, while rail and transportation safety issues are handled by the Senate Commerce Committee. The most critical part of transportation reauthorization – funding – is the responsibility of the Senate Finance Committee.

In the House of Representatives, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure is responsible for highways, bridges, tunnels, mass transit, and transportation safety, while funding is covered by the Committee on Ways and Means.

The following charts are based on the current membership of these committees. When the new Majority/Minority ratios are set for the new congress, we could see some of these committee members of either party move to other committees, and in some cases Democrats could lose their seat due to a lack of seniority. There will be new Republicans on every committee.

Key:

Name denotes a retiring/losing senator Name denotes a potential incoming chair/ranking member Name\* denotes a senator up for reelection in 2016

#### Senate Committee on Environment and Public Works

The EPW Committee will see current Chairwoman Boxer move to ranking member next year, while Senator Inhofe, a former EPW ranking member, will become chairman.

Democrats	Republicans
Barbara Boxer, California*	David Vitter, Louisiana*
Tom Carper, Delaware	Jim Inhofe, Oklahoma
Ben Cardin, Maryland	John Barrasso, Wyoming
Bernie Sanders, Vermont	Jeff Sessions, Alabama
Sheldon Whitehouse, Rhode Island	Mike Crapo, Idaho*
Tom Udall, New Mexico	Roger Wicker, Mississippi
Jeff Merkley, Oregon	John Boozman, Arkansas*
Kirsten Gillibrand, New York	Deb Fischer, Nebraska
Cory Booker, New Jersey	
Ed Markey, Massachusetts	

# Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

Senator Richard Shelby (R-AL), a previous ranking member of the Banking Committee, will assume the chairmanship next year. The current chairman, Senator Tim Johnson (D-SD), did not seek reelection, leaving Senator Sherrod Brown (D-OH) as the likely new ranking member. Brown's ascent to ranking member assumes that Senators Chuck Schumer (D-NH) and Bob Mendez (D-NJ), both of whom have more seniority on the committee than Brown, choose to pursue other roles in the new congress.

Democrats	Republicans
Tim Johnson, South Dakota	Mike Crapo, Idaho*
Jack Reed, Rhode Island	Richard Shelby, Alabama*
Chuck Schumer, New York*	Bob Corker, Tennessee
Bob Menendez, New Jersey	David Vitter, Louisiana*
Sherrod Brown, Ohio	Mike Johanns, Nebraska
Jon Tester, Montana	Pat Toomey, Pennsylvania*
Mark Warner, Virginia	Mark Kirk, Illinois*
Jeff Merkley, Oregon	Jerry Moran, Kansas*
Kay Hagan, North Carolina	Tom Coburn, Oklahoma
Joe Manchin, West Virginia	Dean Heller, Nevada
Elizabeth Warren, Massachusetts	
Heidi Heitkamp, North Dakota	

# Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

Senator Thune, the current ranking member of the committee, will assume the chairmanship of the Commerce Committee next year, with Senator Bill Nelson (D-FL) becoming the new ranking member. The current chairman, Senator Jay Rockefeller (D-WV) did not seek reelection, and Senator Barbara Boxer, who has more seniority on the committee than Nelson, will continue in her leadership role at the EPW Committee.

Democrats	Republicans
Jay Rockefeller, West Virginia	John Thune, South Dakota*
Barbara Boxer, California*	Roger Wicker, Mississippi
Bill Nelson, Florida	Roy Blunt, Missouri*
Maria Cantwell, Washington	Marco Rubio, Florida
Mark Pryor, Arkansas	Kelly Ayotte, New Hampshire*
Claire McCaskill, Missouri	Dean Heller, Nevada
Amy Klobuchar, Minnesota	Dan Coats, Indiana*
Mark Begich, Alaska	Tim Scott, South Carolina*
Richard Blumenthal, Connecticut*	Ted Cruz, Texas
Brian Schatz, Hawaii*	Deb Fischer, Nebraska
Ed Markey, Massachusetts	Ron Johnson, Wisconsin*
Cory Booker, New Jersey	
John Walsh, Montana	

# Senate Committee on Finance

Senators Ron Wyden (D-OR) and Orrin Hatch (R-UT) will continue to lead the Finance Committee next year but will trade roles next year with Hatch assuming the chairmanship and Wyden moving to ranking member. There is some question of whether Senator Mark Warner (D-VA), the Democrat with the least seniority on the committee, will be able to retain his membership on the committee once the new Republican-Democratic membership ratios are established. There is speculation that Senators Dean Heller (R-NV) and Dan Coats (R-IN) are among the leading candidates for new Republican members of the committee.

Democrats	Republicans
Ron Wyden, Oregon * Jay Rockefeller, West Virginia Chuck Schumer, New York* Debbie Stabenow, Michigan Maria Cantwell, Washington Bill Nelson, Florida Bob Menendez, New Jersey Tom Carper, Delaware Ben Cardin, Maryland Sherrod Brown, Ohio Michael Bennet, Colorado* Bob Casey, Pennsylvania Mark Warner, Virginia	Orrin Hatch, Utah Chuck Grassley, Iowa* Mike Crapo, Idaho* Pat Roberts, Kansas Mike Enzi, Wyoming John Cornyn, Texas John Thune, South Dakota* Richard Burr, North Carolina* Johnny Isakson, Georgia* Rob Portman, Ohio* Pat Toomey, Pennsylvania*

House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure Chairman Shuster will continue to lead the committee in the new congress. Current ranking member Rep. Nick Rahall (D-WV) was defeated in his bid reelection, leaving Rep. Defazio as the likely top Democrat on the committee next year.

Democrats	Republicans
Bill Shuster, Pennsylvania Don Young, Alaska Tom Petri, Wisconsin Howard Coble, North Carolina Jimmy Duncan, Tennessee John Mica, Florida Frank LoBiondo, New Jersey Gary Miller, California Sam Graves, Missouri Shelley Moore Capito, West Virginia Candice Miller, Michigan Duncan D. Hunter, California Andy Harris, Maryland Rick Crawford, Arkansas Lou Barletta, Pennsylvania Blake Farenthold, Texas Larry Bucshon, Indiana Bob Gibbs, Ohio Pat Meehan, Pennsylvania Richard L. Hanna, New York Daniel Webster, Florida Steve Southerland, Florida Jeff Denham, California Reid Ribble, Wisconsin Thomas Massie, Kentucky Steve Daines, Montana Tom Rice, South Carolina; Markwayne Mullin, Oklahoma Roger Williams, Texas Mark Meadows, North Carolina Scott Perry, Pennsylvania Rodney L. Davis, Illinois Mark Sanford, South Carolina David Jolly, Florida	Nick Rahall, West Virginia Peter DeFazio, Oregon Eleanor Holmes Norton, District of Columbia Jerrold Nadler, New York Corrine Brown, Florida Eddie Bernice Johnson, Texas Elijah Cummings, Maryland Rick Larsen, Washington Mike Capuano, Massachusetts Tim Bishop, New York Mike Michaud, Maine Grace Napolitano, California Daniel Lipinski, Illinois Tim Walz, Minnesota Steve Cohen, Tennessee Albio Sires, New Jersey Donna Edwards, Maryland John Garamendi, California Andre Carson, Indiana Janice Hahn, California Rick Nolan, Minnesota Ann Kirkpatrick, Arizona Dina Titus, Nevada Sean Patrick Maloney, New York Elizabeth Esty, Connecticut Lois Frankel, Florida Cheri Bustos, Illinois

#### House Committee on Ways and Means

With the retirement of current Ways and Means Committee Chairman Rep. Dave Camp (R-MI), former vice presidential candidate Paul Ryan was elected the new chairman of Ways and Means earlier this week. Current Ways and Means Committee Ranking Member Sandy Levin (D-MI) will remain in this role for the new congress. Republicans joining the committee in the 114<sup>th</sup> Congress are reported to be Reps. Pat Meehan (R-PA), Kristi Noem (R-SD), Jason Smith (R-MO), and George Holding (R-NC).

Democrats	Republicans	
Dave Camp, Michigan Sam Johnson, Texas Kevin Brady, Texas Paul Ryan, Wisconsin Devin Nunes, California Pat Tiberi, Ohio Dave Reichert, Washington Charles Boustany, Louisiana Peter Roskam, Illinois Jim Gerlach, Pennsylvania Tom Price, Georgia Vern Buchanan, Florida Adrian Smith, Nebraska Aaron Schock, Illinois Lynn Jenkins, Kansas Erik Paulsen, Minnesota Kenny Marchant, Texas Diane Black, Tennessee Tom Reed, New York Todd Young, Indiana Mike Kelly, Pennsylvania Tim Griffin, Arkansas Jim Renacci, Ohio	Sander Levin, Michigan Charles B. Rangel, New York Jim McDermott, Washington John Lewis, Georgia Richard Neal, Massachusetts Xavier Becerra, California Lloyd Doggett, Texas Mike Thompson, California John Larson, Connecticut Earl Blumenauer, Oregon Ron Kind, Wisconsin Bill Pascrell, New Jersey Joseph Crowley, New York Allyson Schwartz, Pennsylvania Danny K. Davis, Illinois Linda Sánchez, California	
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